Aging and Hearing Loss

"It is not the voice that commands the story: it is the ear." ~ Italo Calvino

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Hearing Loss is invisible but not insignificant

-one-third of adults between 65 and 70 have some degree of hearing loss

-approximately half of all people 75 and older have hearing loss

(National Institute on Deafness and Other Communication Disorders)

How is hearing loss defined:

• Type

- Degree
- Configuration
- Speech Discrimination

Diagnostic audiological testing needed to get a complete picture of hearing needs

Presbycusis

Common cause of acquired hearing loss

Predispositions: genetics and environment

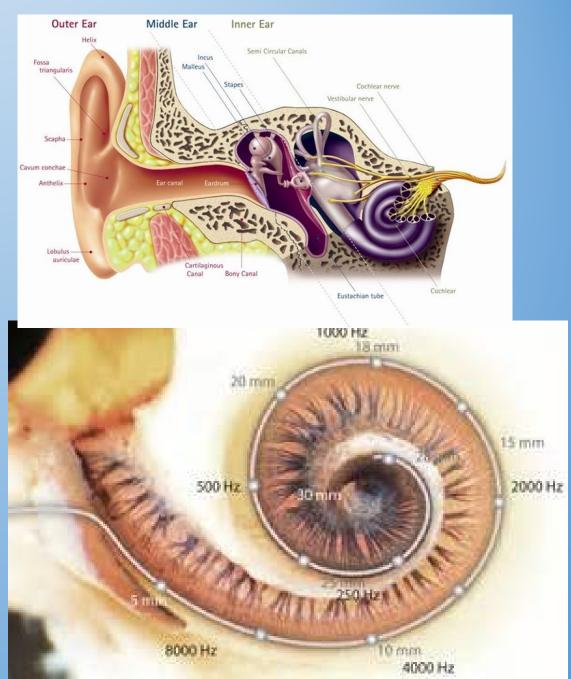
Typical presentation of presbycusis

Clarity of speech most impacted

Communication challenges will vary depending upon environment and speaker

Person impacted not always aware of what they are missing depending upon degree of loss





Untreated hearing loss is bad for your brain

Use it or lose it

If hearing loss is left untreated, auditory pathways in your brain can atrophy because they're not being used.



- Followed 2,000 adults 70 and older for 6 years
- Greater degree of loss resulted in greater cognitive decline
- Those with mild to moderate hearing loss 2x increase in dementia
- ARHL associated with atrophy in specific areas of brain with most change in right temporal lobe
- Increased fall risk: subtle auditory cues important for gait
- Question: If ARHL is treated can cognitive impact be delayed or eliminated(amplification)

Lin et al findings

Research is supporting hearing loss as a global health concern

Prevalence of hearing loss doubles with every decade

What are the consequences of age related hearing loss=cognitive load, effortful listening

Age related hearing loss (ARHL) impacts how brain encodes auditory information

ARHL decreases sensitivity and increases distortion of encoding

Hearing is only sensory system which is continually "on"

Can anything help?

• Hearing Aids

12

- Communication strategies
- Assistive Devices
- Cochlear Implants
- Combination

Over the Counter (OTC) Hearing Aids FDA Reauthorization Act

A law established on August 18, 2017, as part of <u>the FDA</u> <u>Reauthorization Act of 2017</u>, directed the FDA to create a category of OTC hearing aids for adults who might have mild-tomoderate hearing loss.



Successful intervention depends upon individualized and professional services focused on patient needs and goals

One size does not fit all

Why do anything?

Effective communication relies on hearing

Hearing loss impacts:

Cognitive decline

Social/Emotional Health

Physical well being

Resources

Veteran benefit CapTel services <u>http://www.captel.com</u> Insurance Coverage

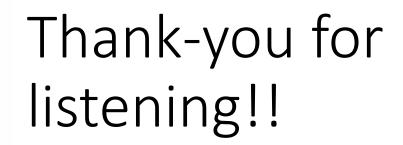
Communication Strategies

Louder is not better Visual supports help understanding Hear with our brains not our ears Not all hearing losses are part of aging process

Future

Over-the- Counter hearing aids

- More attention to impact of hearing loss, considered in public health context
- Technology advances
- Hair cell regeneration



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